

MAC SILIGLIDE SPRAY

Premium Silicone Spray

| 1. IDENTIFIC/ | ATION OF THE MATERIAL AND THE MAN | UFACTURER | | | |
|---------------|---|---|--------------|--|--|
| Product Name | MAC SILIGLIDE SPRAY | | | | |
| | Premium Silicone Lubricant | | | | |
| | All formats: 100-500ml aerosol | | | | |
| Supplier Name | Arandee Ltd | | | | |
| Address | 108 Rockfield Road, Penrose, Auckland | 108 Rockfield Road, Penrose, Auckland 1061, New Zealand | | | |
| Telephone | +64 (9) 579 5139 | | | | |
| Emergency | National Poisons Centre -24 hours | Australia | 13 11 26 | | |
| | | New Zealand | 0800 POISON | | |
| | | | 0800 764 766 | | |
| E-mail | sales@arandee.co.nz | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Web Site | http://www.arandee.co.nz | | | | |
| Synonym(s) | MAC Silicone Spray; MAC Dry Silicone Spray; Silicone Mist | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Use(s) | Application of a dry, odourless, clear silicone fluid with multi-purpose properties, including as | | | | |
| | a lubricant; anti-stick agent; water repe | ellent. | | | |

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

AUSTRALIA: CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO THE GLOBALLY HARMONISED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS) INLCUDING WORK, HEALTH AND SAFETY **REGULATIONS, AUSTRALIA**

NEW ZEALAND: THIS SUBSTANCE IS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO THE EPA HZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (CLASSIFICATION) NOTICE 2020

Hazard pictograms



| Signal Word | DANGER | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------------|--|--|
| Physical Hazard | Aerosol: C | ategory 1 | | |
| GHS Classification and Category | Code | Statement | | |
| Hazard Code | H222 | Extremely fla | | |
| | H229 | Pressurised c | | |
| Prevention Code | P102 | Keep out of r | | |
| | P103 | Read label be | | |
| | P210 | Keep away fr | | |
| | | Other source | | |

| GHS Classification and Category | Code | Statement |
|---------------------------------|------|---|
| Hazard Code | H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol. |
| | H229 | Pressurised container: May burst if heated. |
| Prevention Code | P102 | Keep out of reach of children. |
| | P103 | Read label before use. |
| | P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks open flames and |
| | | Other sources of ignition. No smoking. |
| | P211 | Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. |
| | P251 | Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| Response Code | P101 | If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at |
| | | hand. |
| Storage Code | P410 | Protect from sunlight. |
| | P412 | Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. |
| | | |



MAC SILIGLIDE SPRAY

Premium Silicone Spray

Disposal Code

P501

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS

| Name | % Weight | CAS Number |
|---|----------|------------|
| DIMETHYL PHENYLMETHYLPOLYSILOXANE TRIMETHYL | 10-20% | 63148-52-7 |
| TERMINATED | 10 20/0 | 03140 32 7 |
| ALIPHATIC HYDORCARBON BLEND | 10-20% | 64741-65-7 |
| HYDROCARBON PROPELLANT BLEND | 40-60% | 68476-85-7 |
| | | |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- EyeHold eyelids apart and flush continuously with water. Continue until advised to stop by the
Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Keep patient calm.InhalationLeave area of exposure immediately. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.SkinGently flush affected areas with water. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.IngestionFor advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) or +64 9 579
5139 (New Zealand) or a doctor. If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting, as ingestion is
considered unlikely, due to the product form.
- Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.
- **First Aid Facilities** Eye wash facilities should be provided.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

- Flammability Highly flammable. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition temperatures. When handling a significant spillage, eliminate all ignition sources, including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches, heaters, naked lights, mobile phones, etc. Aerosol cans may explode when heated above 50 °C.
- Fire and Explosion Highly flammable, explosive vapour. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may evolve, when heated. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment, including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
- ExtinguishingDry agent, carbon dioxide foam, or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways;
absorb runoff with sand or similar.

HazChem 2YE

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SpillageIf large quantities of cans are punctured (bulk), clear area of all unprotected personnel and
ventilate area. Wear splash-proof goggles, leather gloves, coveralls, and boots. Where inhalation
risks exist, wear a Type A-Class P1 (Organic vapour and Particulate) respirator. Collect cans and
allow to discharge outdoors. Absorb any residues with sand or similar and place in clean
containers for disposal. DO NOT wash away into sewer.



MAC SILIGLIDE SPRAY

Premium Silicone Spray

| 7. HANDLING | AND STORAGE |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Handling | Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Keep out of the reach of children. DO NOT puncture aerosol cans or incinerate, even when empty. |
| Storage | Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated area, well away from oxidising agents, acids, alkalis, direct sunlight, heat or ignition sources, or foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage, and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate fire protection. |
| 8. EXPOSURE | CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION |
| Ventilation | DO NOT directly inhale concentrated vapours. Use in well-ventilated areas. Mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended for poorly ventilated area. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard. |
| Exposure Standards | LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS (LPG) (68476-85-7) ES-STEL: 400 ppm (1800 mg/m³) |
| Personal Protection Equipment | No personal protective equipment is required, normally. When an inhalation risk exists wear a Type A-Class P1 (Organic vapour and Particulate) Respirator. With prolonged use, wear PVC or rubber gloves and splash-proof goggles or safety glasses. |



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | COLOURLESS LIQUID | Vapour Pressure | 240 KPa |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| | | | (ROOM TEMPERATURE) |
| Odour | CHARACTERISTIC | Upper Explosion Limit | 9.5% v/v |
| | SOLVENT | | |
| Flammability | EXTREMELY | Lower Explosion Limit | 1.2%v/v |
| | FLAMMABLE | | |
| Flash Point | <20 °C | Partition Coefficient | NOT AVAILABLE |
| Boiling Point | NOT AVAILABLE | Autoignition Temperature | NOT AVAILABLE |
| Melting Point | NOT AVAILABLE | Decomposition Temperature | NOT AVAILABLE |
| Evaporation Rate | NOT AVAILABLE | Viscosity | NOT AVAILABLE |
| рН | NOT AVAILABLE | Explosive Properties | NOT AVAILABLE |
| Vapour Density | >1 | Oxidising Properties | NOT AVAILABLE |
| | | | 1 |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | Avoid reaction with oxidising agents |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | Stable under normal storage conditions |
| Possibility of Hazardous reactions | Polymerisation is not expected to occur |
| | |



MAC SILIGLIDE SPRAY

Premium Silicone Spray

| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and all sources of ignition |
|------------------------|---|
| Incompatible materials | Incompatible with oxidising agents, acids, alkalis, heat and ignition |
| Decomposition Products | May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition |
| | temperatures. |

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| 11. TOXICOLO | |
|---------------|--|
| Health Hazard | General population. The exposure of the general population is expected to be low and is not |
| Summary | likely to present a hazard when it is used as recommended. |
| | Occupational exposure. With reasonable work practices, hygiene measures and |
| | Safety precautions is unlikely to be an occupational hazard. |
| | Asphyxiant narcotic. This product may only present a hazard with direct eye contact, prolonged |
| | and repeated skin contact or with vapour/gas inhalation at high levels. |
| Еуе | Low irritant. Contact may result in lacrimation, pain, redness, and conjunctivitis. Prolonged contact may result in corneal burns, with possible permanent damage. |
| Inhalation | Low to moderate Irritant, narcotic, asphyxiant. Over exposure may result in upper respiratory tract irritation, nausea, and headache. At high levels; dizziness, breathing difficulties, and at very high levels, anaesthesia, cardiac arrhythmias, pulmonary oedema, and unconsciousness. |
| Skin | Low irritant. Prolonged contact may result in irritation, redness, rash, dermatitis, and sensitisation. |
| Ingestion | Exposure considered unlikely, due to product form as an aerosol. Under normal conditions of use, ingestion is considered a highly unlikely, exposure route. |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environment Environmental effects of the compound are extremely unlikely, due to packaging in the form of an aerosol. Ensure appropriate measures are taken to prevent this product from entering the environment through wastewater.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

 Waste Disposal
 For small amounts, absorb contents with sand or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. DO NOT puncture or incinerate aerosol cans. Contact the manufacturer for additional information.

 Legislation
 Dimension of in generations with relevant legislation.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant, local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| | THIS PRODUCT IS CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT IN NZ; NZS 5433:2020 AND SNZ HB 5433:2021 | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----|
| | Shipping Name | UN No | Packing Group | DG Class | Subsidiary Risk(s) | EPG |
| LAND TRANSPORT | AEROSOLS | 1950 | None Allocated | 2.1 | None Allocated | |
| SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG/IMO) | AEROSOLS | 1950 | ш | 2.1 | None Allocated | |
| AIR TRANSPORT IATA/ICAO) | AEROSOLS | 1950 | None Allocated | 2.1 | None Allocated | |



MAC SILIGLIDE SPRAY

Premium Silicone Spray

| | | Transport within user's promises: always transport in closed containers that are upraight and | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Special precautions for user | | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upreight and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in thre even of an | | |
| Special precautions | ior user | accident or spillage | | |
| | | | | |
| Shipping Label | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Special Precautions | | 2YE | | |
| Special Trecautions | | | | |
| 15. REGULATO | | ΜΑΤΙΟΝ | | |
| MPI | | C12 (All animal products including dairy) | | |
| | | | | |
| NZEPA | | Approved pursuant to the HSNO Act 1996, | | |
| | | Approval No. HSR002515 | | |
| Constitution allow | | Group Standard Flammable Aerosols 2020 | | |
| Certified Handler | | Νο | | |
| Location Certificate | | 3000L (AWC) | | |
| Tracking Trigger Qua | antities | Not required. | | |
| Signage Trigger Qua | ntities | 100L | | |
| Emergency Respons | e Plan | 100L | | |
| Secondary Containm | nent | 100L | | |
| | | | | |
| 15. OTHER IN | FORMATI | ON | | |
| Additional | ASPHYXIANTS (1): reduce the oxygen concentration by displacement, when present in the | | | |
| Information | atmospheres, in high concentrations. As most simple asphyxiants are odourless, atmospheres | | | |
| | | t in oxygen do not provide adequate sensory warning of danger. Therefore, it is not | | |
| | | y appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for each asphyxiant, but instead warn | | |
| | of the ne | eed to maintain oxygen concentrations. | | |
| | Some as | phyxiants may be given an exposure standard, due to their potential for narcotic effects | | |
| | | concentrations, or an explosion hazard. | | |
| | Ũ | | | |
| Asphyxiants (2) | There is | a significant hazard associated with workers entering poorly, ventilated areas (e.g., | | |
| ., ., | | where oxygen levels may be deficient. An air supplied breathing apparatus may be | | |
| | required | ed if adequate ventilation is not ensured. Refer to AS/NZS 2865 - Safe Working in a | | |
| | Confined | d Space. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | al, the best practice to avoid exposure is to use engineering controls, such as adequate | | |
| | | on, rather than the use of respirators (which should be limited). | | |
| | | atory equipment must be worn, ensure correct respirator selection and training is | | |
| | | taken. Some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable, when used for long periods. | | |
| | | e of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or red use is necessary. | | |
| | repeated | ג איז | | |
| Abbreviations | Mg/m3 - | - Milligrams per cubic metre | | |
| | - | arts Per Million | | |
| | | es per litre, a unit of measure of concentration. | | |
| | | tes to hydrogen ion concentration - this value will relate to a scale of $0 - 14$ | | |

- pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration this value will relate to a scale of 0-14,
- where 0 is highly acidic and 14 is highly alkaline.



MAC SILIGLIDE SPRAY

Premium Silicone Spray

| | IWA/ES - Time Weighted Average of Exposure Standard. CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - uniquely identifies chemical compounds. CNS - Central Nervous System NOS - Not Otherwise Specified IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Personal Protective Equipment | The recommendations for protective equipment contained within this SDS report are provided as a guide only, when dealing with an abnormal situation. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered, before the final selection of personal protective equipment is made. |
| Health Effects From Exposure | It should be noted that the effects from excess exposure to this product would depend on several factors, including duration of exposure, quantity involved, effectiveness of control measures used; protective equipment and method of application. Given that, it is impractical to prepare a SDS report, which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks in an emergency and apply appropriate control methods. |
| Report Status | This report is based upon information provided by ingredient manufacturers, and third party experts. We believe that the information represents the current state of knowledge about safety and handling precautions that are appropriate for this product. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the Chief Chemist at Arandee Ltd. While Arandee has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy, or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, Arandee accepts no liability for any loss, injury, or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered, or incurred by any person, because of their reliance upon the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet. |